<u>Home</u> → <u>Census Program</u> → <u>Data products, 2016 Census</u> → <u>Data tables</u>

→ Distribution of Income Between Married Spouses or Common-law Partners (47) and Characteristics of Couples (19) for Married Spouses or Common-law P...

Data tables, 2016 Census

Distribution of Income Between Married Spouses or Common-law Partners (47) and Characteristics of Couples (19) for Married Spouses or Common-law Partners in Private Households of Canada, Provinces and Territories, and Census Metropolitan Areas, 2016 Census - 100% Data

Data table

									Yuko	on									
	Characteristics of couple (19)																		
Distribution of income between married spouses or common-law partners (47)	Total - Age of older person in couple	15 to 29 years	30 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total - Total income of couple	(including	to	to	\$40,000 to \$49,999	to	to	to	\$100,000 and over	to	to	\$150,000 to \$199,999		\$250,000 and over
Total - Couples by distribution of income between married spouses or common-law partners ²	7,970	505	4,135	1,850	1,480	7,975	165	150	330	325	365	875	1,025	4,740	1,275	1,130	1,485	535	310
Number of couples with total income ³	7,955	500	4,130	1,840	1,475	7,955	140	150	325	325	370	875	1,025	4,740	1,275	1,130	1,485	535	310
Median total income of couples 4	114,481	78,720	125,719	124,736	88,747	114,481	11,936	26,112	35,413	44,939	54,969	70,164	89,626	149,047	111,800	136,436	169,901	217,873	289,451
Median total income of the higher income spouse	76,391	49,920	82,341	81,524	60,058	76,391	9,664	19,648	23,360	31,904	38,187	49,184	61,338	95,435	74,801	84,023	101,659	133,632	205,568
Median total income of the lower income spouse 5	36,037	26,155	41,626	39,411	23,904	36,037	501	6,624	12,192	12,768	16,832	21,077	29,024	55,465	38,016	52,608	68,718	85,760	99,840
Average share received by the higher total income recipient (%)	68.4	67.4	67.9	70.1	68.3	68.4	84.6	76.1	70.6	74.0	72.5	72.4	70.9	65.7	69.2	64.9	63.3	63.2	69.2
Median share received by the higher total income recipient (%)	64.5	64.2	64.0	66.2	66.1	64.5	93.4	75.4	66.2	70.5	69.3	70.2	68.1	62.1	66.4	61.2	59.2	60.2	67.1

									Charac	teristics	of couple	(19)							
Distribution of income between married spouses or common-law partners (47)	Total - Age of older person in couple	15 to 29 years	30 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total - Total income of couple	Under \$20,000 (including loss)	to	\$30,000 to \$39,999	to	to	to	to	\$100,000 and over	to	\$125,000 to \$149,999	to	to	\$250,000
A male is the higher total income recipient £	4,800	310	2,550	1,060	875	4,795	55	85	185	180	210	490	615	2,985	785	700	940	340	220
A female is the higher total income recipient ^Z	3,155	190	1,580	780	600	3,155	90	65	140	140	160	390	410	1,760	495	425	550	195	95
Number of couples with two total income recipients ⁸	7,695	490	4,000	1,755	1,450	7,690	100	130	305	300	355	830	990	4,685	1,245	1,120	1,475	535	310
Average share received by the higher total income recipient (%)	67.3	67.3	66.7	68.6	67.6	67.3	77.8	72.4	68.7	71.4	70.5	70.4	69.9	65.2	68.5	64.7	63.1	63.2	69.3
Median share received by the higher total income recipient (%)	64.2	63.2	63.1	65.3	65.4	64.2	80.4	70.3	64.4	69.1	69.1	68.8	67.2	62.0	66.2	61.2	59.2	60.2	
One spouse/partner received 90% or more of couple's total income	760	45	415	205	100	760	35	20	50	55	50	105	140	310	125	65	80	20	20
One spouse/partner received 80% to 89.9% of couple's total income	865	55	375	215	215	865	20	20	20	45	50	150	130	430	145	105	95	30	50
One spouse/partner received 70% to 79.9% of couple's total income	1,200	65	600	275	265	1,205	15	30	55	45	65	145	175	670	240	145	145	75	65
One spouse/partner received 60% to 69.9% of couple's total income	1,980	145	1,030	435	380	1,980	10	30	65	70	105	200	240	1,265	335	305	390	155	80
One spouse/partner received 50% to 59.9% of couple's total income	2,885	185	1,590	620	500	2,885	20	30	120	85	85	230	300	2,010	400	495	765	255	95

									Charac	cteristics	of couple	(19)							
Distribution of income between married spouses or common-law partners (47)	Total - Age of older person in couple	15 to 29 years	30 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total - Total income of couple	Under \$20,000 (including loss)	\$20,000 to	to	\$40,000 to \$49,999	to	to	to	\$100,000 and over	\$100,000 to \$124,999	\$125,000 to \$149,999	to	to	\$250,000 and over
A male is the higher total income recipient 9	4,660	300	2,485	1,015	855	4,660	30	75	175	175	200	470	590	2,950	765	695	930	340	215
A male received 90% or more of couple's total income	485	25	270	115	70	485	F (too unreliable to be published)	15	20	30	25	65	90	235	90	45	65	20	15
A male received 80% to 89.9% of couple's total income	565	35	270	135	125	565	F (too unreliable to be published)	15	10	25	35	80	85	310	100	75	70	20	35
A male received 70% to 79.9% of couple's total income	785	50	405	170	165	790	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	35	25	35	80	115	470	155	100	105	55	55
A male received 60% to 69.9% of couple's total income	1,250	95	670	265	225	1,250	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	45	45	55	125	145	820	200	200	260	100	60
A male received 50% to 59.9% of couple's total income	1,575	100	860	340	275	1,575	F (too unreliable to be published)	15	65	50	50	115	155	1,110	225	275	425	140	50
A female is the higher total income recipient 10	3,030	185	1,520	735	590	3,030	65	55	135	125	155	365	395	1,735	480	425	545	195	90
A female received 90% or more of couple's total income	275	20	135	95	25		F (too unreliable to be published)	10	25	25	25	35	50	75	40	15	15	0	

									Chara	cteristics	of couple	(19)							
Distribution of income between married spouses or common-law partners (47)	Total - Age of older person in couple	15 to 29 years	30 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total - Total income of couple	(including	to	to	\$40,000 to \$49,999	to	to	to	\$100,000 and over	to	\$125,000 to \$149,999	to	to	\$250,000 and over
A female received 80% to 89.9% of couple's total income	300	15	105	85	95	300	F (too unreliable to be published)	5	5	15	15	70	50	120	45	30	20	10	10
A female received 70% to 79.9% of couple's total income	415	15	195	105	100	415	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	25	20	30	65	60	200	80	45	35	25	10
A female received 60% to 69.9% of couple's total income	730	50	360	170	145	730	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	25	25	50	75	95	445	135	110	125	50	20
A female received 50% to 59.9% of couple's total income	1,310	85	725	280	220	1,315	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	50	35	35	115	150	900	180	225	340	110	45
Number of couples with market income	7,880	500	4,115	1,825	1,435	7,880	120	135	295	325	365	875	1,025	4,735	1,280	1,125	1,485	535	315
Average share received by the higher market income recipient (%)	71.7	71.0	70.1	71.6	76.5	71.7	89.5	83.2	82.6	82.4	79.7	77.8	74.2	67.3	72.1	67.1	64.5	63.8	69.6
Median share received by the higher market income recipient (%)	67.3	66.3	65.4	67.3	75.4	67.3	100.1	91.3	91.3	86.8	80.8	77.1	73.1	63.2	69.3	63.1	60.1	60.2	67.2
Number of couples with two market income recipients 12	7,060	440	3,760	1,655	1,210	7,065	55	85	185	215	280	735	920	4,585	1,200	1,095	1,450	535	305
Average share received by the higher market income recipient (%)	68.4	67.0	67.3	68.7	71.9	68.4	71.9	72.2	72.7	74.2	74.2	73.3	71.4	66.2	70.3	65.9	63.4	64.2	68.6

Distribution of income between married spouses or common-law partners (47)									Chara	cteristics	of couple	(19)							
	Total - Age of older person in couple	15 to 29 years	30 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total - Total income of couple	(including	to	\$30,000 to \$39,999	to	to	to	to	\$100,000 and over	to	\$125,000 to \$149,999	to	\$200,000 to \$249,999	\$250,000 and over
Median share received by the higher market income recipient (%)	65.1	63.2	63.2	65.3	70.1	65.1	72.2	76.2	69.1	73.2	72.2	71.3	69.2	63.0	68.0	63.0	60.0	60.2	67.1
Number of couples with employment income ¹³	7,470	495	4,100	1,785	1,090	7,475	115	125	215	280	330	805	965	4,650	1,230	1,115	1,470	530	305
Average share received by the higher employment income recipient (%)	74.3	71.4	70.9	75.0	87.8	74.3	91.6	86.0	87.0	84.0	81.6	80.6	78.6	70.1	75.6	70.0	66.4	66.4	71.1
Median share received by the higher employment income recipient (%)	70.4	67.2	66.2	72.3	100.0	70.4	100.1	95.2	100.0	92.3	87.2	83.4	80.1	65.2	74.2	65.1	61.0	63.0	68.8
Number of couples with two employment income recipients	6,035	430	3,645	1,425	535	6,040	35	70	110	155	220	560	725	4,165	1,025	990	1,365	505	275
Average share received by the higher employment income recipient (%)	68.2	67.0	67.3	68.7	74.4	68.3	68.0	71.9	72.8	70.7	72.7	72.1	71.8	66.6	70.9	66.2	64.0	64.8	69.1
Median share received by the higher employment income recipient (%)	64.5	63.2	63.2	65.2	73.5	64.5	68.4	74.4	74.8	69.1	71.3	69.8	69.8	63.0	68.5	63.0	60.0	62.1	66.3
Number of couples with government transfers 15	6,010	415	3,140	1,030	1,425	6,010	135	140	310	295	330	745	825	3,235	985	800	955	315	175
Average share received by the higher government transfers recipient (%)	87.8	86.5	93.8	91.7	72.2	87.9	90.9	82.0	76.3	80.1	81.4	83.5	85.7	91.9	88.7	91.4	94.7	95.8	92.8

									Chara	cteristics	of couple	(19)							
Distribution of income between married spouses or common-law partners (47)	Total - Age of older person in couple	15 to 29 years	30 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total - Total income of couple	(including	\$20,000 to \$29,999	to	\$40,000 to \$49,999	to	to	to	\$100,000 and over	\$100,000 to \$124,999	\$125,000 to \$149,999	to	to	\$250,000
Median share received by the higher government transfers recipient (%)	100.0	97.1	100.1	100.1	64.0	100.0	99.4	89.2	74.2	87.8	89.8	96.3	99.4	100.1	100.1	100.1	100.1	100.1	100.1
Number of couples with two government transfers recipients 16	3,160	250	1,495	365	1,050	3,165	65	90	235	205	235	440	450	1,435	470	365	405	120	85
Average share received by the higher government transfers recipient (%)	76.9	77.6	86.9	78.0	62.5	76.9	79.5	72.4	70.0	71.1	74.6	71.6	73.8	81.7	76.7	80.9	87.5	85.6	84.2
Median share received by the higher government transfers recipient (%)	77.4	81.4	95.2	79.2	58.1	77.4	88.2	75.2	62.1	67.3	70.4	68.1	70.1	92.2	76.2	89.3	96.0	95.1	93.1

Symbol(s)

- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- **F** too unreliable to be published

Footnote(s)

- Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
 - statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
 - statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
 - statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.
- In the context of income distribution between couples, share refers to the proportion of a couple's combined income received by one of the spouses, and it is used to identify the higher income recipient among a couple.

When a couple jointly has a positive amount of income, but one of the spouses has a negative or zero income, the spouse with a negative or zero income is not considered to be an income recipient. His/her share of the couple's income is set to 0%, while the share of the other spouse is set to 100%.

When both spouses have the same amount of income, the share of the couple's income is 50% for both individuals and the higher income recipient spouse is randomly selected.

Couples with a negative or zero combined income are considered to have no income, and they are excluded from the calculations of any share statistics.

- 3 Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
 - statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
 - statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
 - statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities):
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

Only couples with a positive combined income are included.

- Only couples with a positive combined income are included.
- 5 All values of income (negative, zero and positive amounts) are included in the calculation of this median statistic.
- 6 This count can include both opposite-sex and same-sex couples.
- This count can include both opposite-sex and same-sex couples.
- 8 Refers to couples where both spouses have a positive amount of income.
- 9 This count can include both opposite-sex and same-sex couples.
- 10 This count can include both opposite-sex and same-sex couples.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Only couples with a positive combined income are included.

- <u>12</u> Refers to couples where both spouses have a positive amount of income.
- Employment income All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Only couples with a positive combined income are included.

- 14 Refers to couples where both spouses have a positive amount of income.
- 15 Government transfers All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:
 - Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
 - retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
 - benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
 - child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
 - social assistance benefits;
 - workers' compensation benefits;
 - Working income tax benefit;
 - Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
 - other income from government sources.

Only couples with a positive combined income are included.

16 Refers to couples where both spouses have a positive amount of income.

Data quality note(s) - Yukon

· Incomplete enumeration flag

Default. Not applicable.

· Short-form data quality flag

Global non-response rate (GNR), short-form census questionnaire: 6.7%.

Short-form income data quality flag

Data quality index showing a short-form income non-response rate higher than or equal to 10%, but lower than 20%.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-400-X2016106.